

Erratum



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KAREN E. UNDERKOFFLER, MEAGAN A. LUERS, JOHN R. HYDE & MATTHEW T. CRAIG (2018) A taxonomic review of *Lampris guttatus* (Brünnich 1788) (Lampridiformes; Lampridae) with descriptions of three new species. *Zootaxa*, 4413: 551–565.

Figures 4 and 5 legend should read as follow:

Figure 4. Species of the genus *Lampris*. **Top Left**) *Lampris immaculatus**, **Top Right**) *Lampris guttatus*, uncatalogued, 118 cm TL[†]. **Middle Left**) AM I.24492-001, holotype, *Lampris australensis* n. sp. 67.3 cm SL. **Middle Right**) MMF 42253, *Lampris lauta*, 90.5 cm SL. **Bottom Left**) USNM 402733, holotype, *Lampris megalopsis* n. sp., 85.3 cm SL. **Bottom Right**) USNM 402731, holotype, *Lampris incognitus* n. sp., 82.8 cm SL. (*Photograph by Dianne J. Bray, *Lampris immaculatus* in Fishes of Australia, accessed 17 Feb 2018, http://fishesofaustralia.net.au/home/species/1503)(†Photograph courtesy of Patrice Francour).

Figure 5. Top) NRM 54834, Neotype *Lampris guttatus*, 100.5 cm SL, Northeast Atlantic, landed in Denmark. **Bottom)** MOM POI-0004791, Paraneotype *Lampris guttatus*, 97 cm SL, Bormes-les-Mimosas, France. Note that specimen was frozen for several years before examination and color pattern is abnormal due to freezing process. Opahs are known to have a sexually dimorphic characteristic of an enlarged abdomen in males. MOM POI-0004791 was confirmed as female and we surmise that NRM 54834 is a male.